TÜ Information Retrieval Übung 1

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(i) Find a query (two terms without quotes) which Google does not interpret as a conjunction.

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e.g.: Maracujasaft retrieval

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Information

Differentiate boolean conjunctions and phrase queries!

(ii) Does Google interpret all queries as a Boolean conjunction?

(ii) Does Google interpret all queries as a Boolean conjunction?

In most cases: yes

Exceptions are for example:

- anchor text
- the page may have changed
- a morphological or orthographic variant of a search word may appear on the page
- a semantic equivalent may appear

Given the following positional index

```
ANGELS: 2: <36,174,252,651>; 4: <12,22,102,432>; 7: <17>; FOOLS: 2: <1,17,74,222>; 4: <8,78,108,458>; 7: <3,13,23,193>; FEAR: 2: <87,704,722,901>; 4: <13,43,113,433>; 7: <18,328,528>; IN: 2: <3,37,76,444,851>; 4: <10,20,110,470,500>; 7: <5,15,25,195>; RUSH: 2: <2,66,194,321,702>; 4: <9,69,149,429,569>; 7: <4,14,404>; TO: 2: <47,86,234,999>; 4: <14,24,774,944>; 7: <199,319,599,709>; TREAD: 2: <57,94,333>; 4: <15,35,155>; 7: <20,320>; WHERE: 2: <67,124,393,1001>; 4: <11,41,101,421,431>; 7: <15,35,735>;
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which documents match the phrase query "fools rush in"?

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- \Rightarrow document 2 matches "fools rush in" at position 1.
- \Rightarrow document 4 matches "fools rush in" at position 8.

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- \Rightarrow document 2 matches "fools rush in" at position 1.
- ⇒ document 4 matches "fools rush in" at position 8.
- \Rightarrow document 7 matches "fools rush in" at position 3 and 13.

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which documents match the phrase query "fools rush in" AND "angels fear to tread"?

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⇒ document 4:8&12

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There is something wrong with this positional index. What is the problem?

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```
\Rightarrow Only one word can occur at position 15 of document 7. But according to the index, two words occupy this position ("in" and "where")
```

Compute the Levenshtein matrix for the distance between the strings "apfel" (input) and "poems" (output).

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\Rightarrow Solution:

		р		0		e		m		s	
	0	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5
а	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	6
	1	2	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5
n	2	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	6
р	2	3	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5
f	3	3	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	6
'	3	4	2	3	2	3	3	4	4	5	5
e	4	4	3	3	3	2	4	4	5	5	6
	4	5	3	4	3	4	2	3	3	4	4
	5	5	4	4	4	4	3	3	4	4	5
	5	6	4	5	4	5	3	4	3	4	4

Find the shortest path in the matrix:

\Rightarrow Solution:

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	0	1	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5
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	1	2	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5
n	2	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	6
р	2	3	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5
f	3	3	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	6
'	3	4	2	3	2	3	3	4	4	5	5
e	4	4	3	3	3	2	4	4	5	5	6
6	4	5	3	4	3	4	2	3	3	4	4
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р		2	3	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5
f		3	3	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	6
'		3	4	2	3	2	3	3	4	4	5	5
e		4	4	3	3	3	2	4	4	5	5	6
е		4	5	3	4	3	4	2	3	3	4	4
1		5	5	4	4	4	4	3	3	4	4	5
'		5	6	4	5	4	5	3	4	3	4	4

While the Levenshtein sequence of edit operations is not unique, the minimum number of operations is fixed. Let n_i , n_d , n_r be the number of inserts, deletes and replaces in a sequence of operations. Can you find a pair of strings and two different sequences of edit operations σ_1 and σ_2 such that $n_i(\sigma_1) \neq n_i(\sigma_2)$ or $n_d(\sigma_1) \neq n_d(\sigma_2)$ or $n_r(\sigma_1) \neq n_r(\sigma_2)$?

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- \Rightarrow Consider the strings "ab" and "ba":
- Levenshtein distance: 2
- operation sequences: σ_1 : replace a with b, replace b with a σ_2 : delete a, copy b, insert a
- Hence: $0=n_i(\sigma_1)\neq n_i(\sigma_2)=1$ and $0=n_d(\sigma_1)\neq n_d(\sigma_2)=1$ and $2=n_r(\sigma_1)\neq n_r(\sigma_2)=0$

Information

We are looking at the **minimum** number of operations:

Each Levenshtein sequence of edit operations has the same total number of operations!

Permutation wildcard index: If you wanted to search for s*ng, what key(s) would you do the lookup on?

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⇒ We would perform the lookup on the key: ng\$s*

The end

Thank you for your attention!



Do you have any questions?